



## BANK OF SCOTLAND,

THE General Meeting of Proprietors, on the 27th ult. having ordered a Dividend of Profits of Three and a Half per centum, on the Company's Capital Stock, for the half year ending that day, the payment is, by the Court of Directors, appointed to be commenced on Tuesday next, the 10th instant.

THOMAS STEUART, Secretary.

## PRIZE TOBACCO.

TO be SOLD by Auction, at Lawton's Coffeehouse, Leith, on Tuesday the 17th of October next, at twelve o'clock noon, Ninety Hogheads VIRGINIA and MARYLAND TOBACCO, for home consumption or exportation.—Samples, invoice, and conditions of the sale, to be shown by Martin and Kerr, Leith, any time before the sale.

BY LICENCE FROM GOVERNMENT, THE TICKETS, SHARES, AND CHANCES OF TICKETS, For the ENGLISH STATE LOTTERY 1780, In the greatest Variety of Numbers, are SOLD and REGISTERED BY WHITE AND MITCHELL, Opposite to the Town Church, EDINBURGH.

On Account of Mess. RICHARDSON & GOODLUCK, London, (Remarkable for selling the most capital prizes.) At their Office, in last Lottery, No. 28 in 721, a prize of 20,000l. was divided amongst fifteen persons, besides one prize of 5000l. two of 2000l. four of 1000l. and five of 500l.

Prizes of Shares.

Half	L. 6 17 0	may gain	10,000
Fourth	3 8 0		5,000
Eighth	1 15 0		2,500
Sixteenth	0 17 6		1,250

All shares sold by them are stamped at the Bank of England, where the original tickets are deposited, agreeable to Act of Parliament. They will be charged same prices as at any office in London or elsewhere, of equal reputation; and those drawn prizes will be paid on demand, either at this or Mess. Richardson and Goodluck's Office, London.

General Plan of Policies, which will be sold in classes or separate, being a new and advantageous mode of adventuring for all Clubs and Societies, as well as individuals; by which, for the trifling sum of HALF-A-GUINEA, the capital sum of 20,000l. 10,000l. 5000l. and every other prize in the Lottery, except the twenty pounds, may actually be gained; and even a twenty pound prize entitles the purchaser to very capital benefits in the ensuing Irish State Lottery.

A Class consists of one at five Guineas, for twelve given days; one at four, for nine given days; one at three, for seven given days; one at two, for four given days; one at one, for two given days; and one at half a guinea, for one given day; making six different numbers, entitling the adventurer to the whole of every prize above twenty pounds for the whole time of drawing, and will be sold for fifteen guineas; if all drawn blanks, the whole of the purchase-money will be returned. Purchasers of five numbers, if all drawn blanks, will have three-fourths of the money returned; of four numbers, if all drawn blanks, will have half the money returned; and purchasers of three numbers, if all drawn blanks, will have one-third of the purchase-money returned.

Schemes of Adventures at ONE GUINEA and HALF-A-GUINEA each, for the whole time of drawing, and including every Prize whatever.

For ONE GUINEA the purchaser will receive, if the number of the adventure is drawn as under, viz.

2300 Guineas, if either of the 2	Prizes of L. 20,000
650 Guineas, ————— 2	10,000
325 Guineas, ————— 3	5,000
200 Guineas, ————— 2	3,000
150 Guineas, ————— 10	2,000
65 Guineas, ————— 23	1,000
32 Guineas, ————— 36	500
10 Guineas, ————— 100	100
5 Guineas, ————— 360	50
1 Guinea, being the purchase if either of the 15500	20

For HALF-A-GUINEA purchasers will receive half of the above benefits. Not 2 blanks to a prize, and payable as soon as drawn.

The numerous and capital advantages attending the above policies and adventures, are such as never were before offered to the public.—As many illegal modes of adventuring have been offered in former Lotteries, and no doubt will be in the present, it is therefore necessary to observe, that all the above adventures and policies are made from original tickets, which are lodged in the Bank of England, agreeable to Act of Parliament, which renders them strictly legal and secure; a circumstance of consequence to those adventuring; which, when fully considered, will, it is presumed, have due weight, and be found preferable to those illegally issued, (not from real tickets) entitling only to four trifling prizes against 471996 blanks, contrary to act of Parliament, and of no value whatever.

Schemes of the Lottery, which begins drawing the 16th November, with plans at large explaining every particular, to be had gratis at the Office, and, for the better accommodation of the public, of Mess. Adam Graham, Glasgow, Mess. Grieve Wilson, Dunbar, James Gibb, Stirling, Bailie Alexander Campbell, John Barr, jun. Port-Glasgow, St Andrews, Thomas Corran, Kilmarnock, William Bain, Cupar of David Ewan, Ayr, Fife, John Wilson, Dumfries, James Cornfute, Perth, James Dickson, Hawick, Alex. Swap, Dundee, Wm. Marjoribanks, Kelso, James Mill, Montrose, Jonathan Rowlands, Berwick on Tweed, John Ewan, Aberdeen.

Those having prizes in the late Irish Lottery, purchased at the above Office, will please call for payment.—Prizes sold by any Office of reputation will be taken in payment from those adventuring in the present State Lottery.

Correspondents may have their tickets, shares, policies, or adventures remitted for good bills at sight or a short date.—Letters (post paid) daily answered.

HOUSES and ACRE at Nether Liberton, within two miles of Edinburgh, to be SOLD.—AND NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

ON Wednesday the 22d of November next, there will be exposed to sale, by public roup, within John's Coffee-house, Edinburgh, between the hours of 9 and 6 o'clock afternoon, in one or two lots, SEVERAL HOUSES used as a Brewery and Distillery, with barn and other conveniences lying at Nether Liberton.

ALSO, an Acre of Ground lying on the north side of the burn at Nether Liberton.

These subjects hold feu of the family of Craigmiller, for payment of small feu-duties, are presently under lease at about 20 l. yearly, and the proprietor only bound to keep the houses wind and water tight; besides they lately underwent an expensive repair, and several new buildings by the tenant, who is bound to leave them in repair at the issue of the tack, which renders it a valuable subject, independent of the well-known advantages of a distillery upon a water-side.

The title-deeds and articles of sale are in the hands of William Macfarlane writer in Edinburgh, trustee appointed by Donald Stewart late chair-miller in Edinburgh, and his Creditors, who will inform as to particulars, and with whom the Creditors of the said Donald Stewart will immediately lodge their grounds of debt, or notes thereof.

## SURGERY,

MR AITKEN, Surgeon, will begin his COURSE OF ANATOMY, SURGERY, and CHEMISTRY, to the beginning of November next, in his Theatre, Surgeons Square. No pains will be spared to render the whole useful and practical.

## SYSTEMATIC ELEMENTS

THE THEORY AND PRACTISE OF SURGERY. BY JOHN AITKEN, Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons, &c.

A COURSE OF LECTURES, For the BENEFIT of the RISING GENERATION.

To be delivered in four succeeding Nights, in Mary's Chapel, Niddery Wynd.

By the Rev. REST KNIPE, of SUNDERLAND, (late from LONDON).

THE TWO FIRST LECTURES will be upon the GOVERNMENT OF CHILDREN: Pointing out the great necessity of Parental Authority and Filial Obedience, from the earliest part of life.

The THIRD LECTURE will be upon EDUCATION: In particular, upon a Classical and an English Education; upon the Graphical and Arithmetical Arts: upon the Art of Drawing; upon Geography; Music; and other useful branches of Education.

The LAST LECTURE will be upon ELOCUTION: Showing, in particular, how to cure the grosser faults of Articulation; such as stuttering, hesitating, lisping, &c.: And all such impediments as produce a low voice; a hoarse and coarse voice; a squeaking voice; a whining tone; a thick mumbling voice; shortness of breath; and many other disagreeable habits.

To begin so soon as there are Fifty Subscribers.

The Whole Course, 7 s. 6 d.; a Single Lecture, 2 s. 6 d.

Each person to introduce a junior under eighteen years of age.

Subscriptions taken in, and Tickets delivered, at Mr DICKSON'S and Mr ELLIOT'S, Bookellers.

Proper notice will be given of the Time when the Course will begin; when Tickets may be had at the door.

N. B. This Course of Lectures is strongly recommended by the Clergy, Gentlemen of the Faculty, Schoolmasters, and other persons of Learning and Taste, in Sunderland and Newcastle, as worthy the attention of all men of letters.

## NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THOMAS GILCHRIST merchant in Stirling, Trustee for the Creditors of WILLIAM MORRISON, dyer in St Ninians, having now collected the greater part of Morrison's effects, intends to make a dividend about the 30th November next; but, as few or none of the creditors have hitherto given in their claims, he hereby requires the whole of them to lodge with him distinct notes of their respective claims, and vouchers, with an oath of verity thereon, any time betwixt the 30th instant, for as a scheme of division may be prepared previous to the said 30th November next; hereby certifying to such as fail to comply with this intimation, that they shall be cut out from any share of the funds recovered by him: And this advertisement is not to be repeated.

## MEETING OF TRUSTEES.

THE Trustees for putting in execution the act of Parliament respecting the Turnpike Roads, and Coldstream Bridge, in the county of Berwick, are requested to meet at Greenlaw upon Tuesday the 31st instant, there being business of importance to be laid before them; and particularly to take under consideration an application to Parliament for a renewal of their said turnpike-road act, the proper notices and executions thereof required by the resolutions of the House of Commons to be observed by persons applying to Parliament for private bills will be also laid before the Meeting.

JOHN GRAY, Clerk.

TO be SOLD by public roup, at LEASTON, in the parish of Humble, upon Saturday the 14th current,

The whole STOCKING upon the Farms of Leaston and Bankhead, consisting of the present year's crop of Wheat, Oats, Barley, and Pease, with the Straw, all stacked in the barn yards; some Fields of Turnip, Work-horses, a considerable number of fat Cattle, Oxen fit for the draught or feeding, Cows, and a parcel of younger Cattle two or three years old, with the Labouring Utensils.

The roup to begin precisely at ten o'clock in the forenoon. Six months credit to be given, upon finding sufficient security.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, EDINBURGH, 15th September 1780.

## WHEREAS, upon the morning of Saturday

last, the 23d instant, about four o'clock, sundry persons on foot, and one on horseback, armed, were observed coming from Princes Street towards the New Bridge; and having been accosted by some officers of the revenue, they immediately turned back and fled; but the horse being overtaken by JOHN WILLIAMSON Lind-carriage waiter at Leith, one of the officers, and he attempting to stop it, and make a seizure of a burden upon it of prohibited goods, he was attacked by its rider, or some other person in company, and before any order of the officers could come up to his assistance, heat and wounded in so cruel a manner, that he died a few hours thereafter; leaving behind him a wife and three helpless children, one of whom blind from his infancy.—The Commissioners of his Majesty's Customs, for the more ready discovery of the persons guilty of such atrocious cruelty, do hereby offer a Reward of FIFTY POUNDS STERLING to any person or persons other than the actual offender, who shall give notice to them of the person guilty of the said murder, so as he may be brought to justice:—The money to be paid by the Receiver General of the Customs, on conviction of the offender.

By order of the Commissioners, R. E. PHILIPS, Secretary.

## TO THE PUBLIC:

From a MEMBER of the TOWN-COUNCIL.

TO condemn a man without hearing him, is the justice of faction.—I appeal, therefore, at once, to the tribunal of the impartial Public, and, unaccustomed to argument, I desire to lay before it facts, and facts alone.

I had heard it whispered, and afterwards secretly reported among the trades, that the Convener intended to declare himself a candidate for the membership of this city in Parliament.—I was also informed that my brethren had resolved to support him, and, as a tradesman, I had, in my own mind, made the same determination for the honour of that body.

When Sir Laurence Dundas arrived in town from London, the Council were invited to an entertainment at his house:—I there heard a third and happy election of Sir Laurence loudly toasted by my brethren.—Started at this duplicity, and knowing their sentiments to be opposite, I refused to drink it.

When called to the first meeting of the Convener, I engaged to vote for Mr Craig, with the warmth natural to my temper.—At the second meeting I was not present, but sent a letter expressive of my intention; and I am informed, that Mr Craig, openly and seriously, declared himself to be the candidate, which he afterwards repeated to me in person.

A rumour then spread, that Mr William Millar, advocate, and not the Convener, was the gentleman really intended to represent us.—To this report I paid little regard, because I did not believe it.

Upon an invitation from the Convener, I attended an entertainment at Fortune's on the Thursday following, and saw among the company his Grace the Duke of Buccleugh, Mr William Millar, Mr Peter Millar, a few of the merchant-council, and a number of other gentlemen. Dinner being ended, I was taken aside by the Convener, who, after some hesitation, informed me, that, afraid of a failure in the majority of the Town-Council, he had agreed to give his whole interest to Mr Millar; that serving Mr Millar was equal to serving him, and, therefore, he had no doubt I would, without hesitation, declare for that gentleman.

Except in the character of Convener to the Trades, Mr Craig had no right to my services. Shocked at the idea of being considered the property of any man, I warmly demanded his title for that day, and told him, in a determined tone, that I would make no such declaration. I was next solicited by Mr Peter Millar, Mr Godart, by the Candidate, and Mr John Lindsay, to no purpose. The mortification of the Convener's action to me, and my own idea of absolute independence, stood superior to the utmost force of their arguments. At last, I was clothed by his Grace the Duke of Buccleugh, and Mr William Millar himself; suffice it to say, that I remained unshaken, and left the house, master of my own conduct.

Next day, applications were every hour renewed. A number of gentlemen, whose connections with my father or myself gave them a right to interfere, did so; and others did it, who had no such right. I yielded to none of them, but determined to think and act for myself.

After resisting repeated efforts upon the part of Mr John Lindsay and his friends, I reviewed the whole in my own mind, and came to a resolution of gratifying the friends of Mr Millar, by giving my vote for him to be member.

No sooner was this resolution taken, than I wrote a line to Mr Lindsay, a gentleman for whom I have the most sincere esteem, desiring him to breakfast with me next morning. He did so; and I informed him, that I had now come to the resolution of giving my vote for Mr Millar. Same time, I gave him to know, that, as I had hitherto acted with absolute independence, I intended to continue to do so; and that, as I would not promise, so neither he or his friends were to require any further engagement from me. I was then free, and determined to remain free. Mr Lindsay received my consent with pleasure, and said, that I should not be controlled in any circumstance, but left to act just as I thought proper. By this time the other deacons had tamely consented to be confined, or suffered themselves to be shut up in the Archers Hall. I refused to go near them. Mr P. Millar requested it as a favour that I would pay them a visit: I consented, upon the condition of being at entire liberty; which he assured me would be the case. I accordingly dined there; but left the company soon after, and expected to get out the way I came in. The door, however, was locked. The waiter said the keys were in the possession of Deacon Grant. Mr Grant, when called upon, needed the consent of some other person. Struck at the idea of confinement, I would instantly have attempted to force my way out; but, just at the moment, observing a back passage, I rushed through it, and thence over a court-wall, which I judged to be about ten feet high.

A little after my escape, Mr Peter Millar followed me in a coach to my own house. He expressed his concern for what had happened, and assured me it had been no part of his intention. He added, that what I had done had unluckily created a kind of insurrection in the Archers Hall, and therefore begged I would return to pacify my brethren. Warm with the accident, and with indignation against their conduct, I answered him, That I would not stir a foot from home that night. Mr Millar then begged that I would write a letter, declaring my intentions of voting with them for the member, and giving some plausible reason for refusing to remain in the company; with which request I accordingly complied.

Afterwards, at the desire of Mr Millar's friends, I attended some of the meetings at Fortune's; but came and went at my own pleasure, without observing any of the formalities to which others were pleased to conform, and did sleep every night in my own house during the whole affair. At one of these meetings, the Convener presented me with a paper signed by the rest of the deacons, and said to be a letter from them to Lord North, which he begged I would also sign; but to this I gave him a flat refusal; telling him, That, so soon as I had any thing to say to Lord North, I would take the liberty to write to his Lordship myself.

At the day appointed for the election, I attended, and gave my vote for Mr Millar, according to promise.

During all this time I had not even been solicited upon the part of Sir Laurence Dundas. There were gentlemen in the Council for whom I had the greatest regard, and there were others intended to be brought in for whom my esteem was no less. After the election of Mr Millar, they joined in soliciting my voice for the nomination of the new Magistrates and Council, which I agreed to give them. Mr Millar's friends at first declared that they had no designs upon the government of the town. Afterwards they insinuated that the late election might be contested, and that the trouble and charge of such a contest might be saved, by voting gentlemen in his interest into the government of the city;—thence they inferred, that I ought to join them in that matter, because I had given my vote for the member. This reasoning had no weight with me. I look upon the government of the city, and its representation in Parliament, to be very different affairs. I yielded my suffrage to the united and extraordinary influence of Mr Millar's friends; but I did not so till after I had resisted all their solicitations. The ground I took was of my own choosing; and therefore I could not but think myself at equal liberty to give my voice in Council in any way I pleased. Upon this account, a general cry has been raised.—I am calumniated as a defector of the trades.—My customers have been solicited to desert me, and vengeance of every kind denounced.—Thank God, I stand independent, and superior to malice. From the toast in Sir Laurence Dundas's, to my vote in Council, my conduct has been marked by a spirit of independence, which I would not give up for the threats or smiles of any party.

Neither Mr Millar or his friends had any title to lay their commands upon me. They solicited and obtained my vote as a favour at the time. My personal knowledge of the gentleman himself has now established my opinion of his worth and abilities; but I cannot be brought to think that I owed him the sacrifice of my real connections and personal friendships; that I was obliged to act against the members of Council, who, in my opinion, have always behaved with justice, candour, and moderation. I have fulfilled my voluntary promise to Mr Millar, by voting for him in every step of his election. Nor am I singular in this line of conduct: One of the late Magistrates voted for Mr Millar, because he judged him a proper representative for the city in Parliament at this juncture; but declared he would not act against his approved friends in Council; and therefore voted with the present majority in every step. I voted for Mr Millar, not from any such principle, but yielded to the pressing solicitation of his friends.

In private life, I have reason to think, my reputation is as fair as that of any tradesman in Edinburgh. The man exists not, who can say with justice, that I ever broke a promise, or that dared to tell the lie to my knowledge. In this public question, I have acted freely, without reward, or the promise of reward, either from my friends in Council, from Sir Laurence Dundas, or from any person in his interest; and I pledge every thing that dear to me upon this single fact.

I have subscribed this paper. Let no anonymous assassins pretend to answer it. Of such I am bound to take no notice. If I am wrong in any circumstance, it is not intentional. I am ready to acknowledge it like a man, or like a man to assert the truth.

Edin. Oct. 5. 1780.

ADAM SMITH.





**CAPTAIN** Keppel, late of his Majesty's ship *Vestal*, arrived at this Office on Sunday last, charged with dispatches from Rear-Admiral Edwards; of which the following are extracts.

**ON** the 3d of July, I fell in with and took an American brig letter of marque, called the *Pallas*, of 14 carriage guns, and 50 men, commanded by Hector McNeal, from Newberry to Amsterdam, loaded with bark, indigo, furs, cochineal, and a quantity of dye woods.

On the 9th, I fell in with the ship *Hervey*, belonging to the Quebec fleet, which sailed under convoy of the *Danae* and *Pandora*; I brought her into St John's harbour with me; and the *Cygnat* arriving the 10th, with six sail more of the same convoy, who had parted with the *Danae* and *Pandora*, and thirteen sail a few days before upon the Banks, I directed Captain Keppel in the *Vestal*, and Captain Stanhope in the *Trepassey*, to convey them as far as Cape Rozier, and see them safe into the river St Lawrence; and on the 12th they sailed. One of those which the *Signet* brought in (the brig *Thetis*) had been taken by the *Essex*, an American privateer, and retaken by the ship *Argo*.

The *Fairy* arrived here on the 8th of May; the *Vestal* the 2d, and *Orian* the 11th of July, without losing any of their convoys. The *Maidstone* has been a cruise upon the Banks since her arrival, which was the 2d of June; and, on the 29th of last month, returned with an American schooner loaded with eighty-seven hogheads of tobacco. The *Courier*, I am sorry to acquaint their Lordships, was taken by two American privateers, of 14 guns each, on the 21st of June.

I have the pleasure to inform them Captain Berkeley retaken Lieutenant Major, and 30 of the *Courier's* men, the next day, in one of the privateer's called the *Griffin*, of 14 carriage guns, and 65 men, and brought them safe, with the privateer, into this harbour. He also took, after a chase of forty-one hours, and brought in here the 12th of June, an American privateer brig called the *Wilkes*, of 14 carriage guns, and 75 men. Capt. Baskerville in the *Cygnat* took an American privateer brig called the *Spitfire*, of 12 guns, and 53 men, the 15th of May; and another the 9th of June, called the *Tyger*, of 12 guns, and 36 men: And on the 23d the *Maidstone* and *Cygnat* took a brig called the *Saratoga*, of 12 guns and 41 men, all which were brought safe into this harbour. And here I must beg leave to express my approbation of the conduct of the officers and men upon the above occasions, particularly of the Honourable Captain Berkeley, whose alacrity in getting the *Fairy* ready, when intelligence was received, that the *Courier* was blocked up in Bonaville harbour by two American privateers, is spoken highly of, and had well nigh been attended with the greatest success.

I have the satisfaction to inform their Lordships, that not one English vessel has been taken, or the least depredation committed, upon any part of Newfoundland, since my arrival, I am, &c.

R. EDWARDS.

Protest, St John's, Newfoundland, September 16, 1780.

**IN** Addition to my letter of the 13th of August, you will please to acquaint the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, that I received a letter the 13th of August, dated at St Peter's the 6th, from Captain Berkeley, informing me, that his Majesty's ship *Hind* had come down from Quebec, in consequence of the Wolfe armed ship being cast away upon the S. W. part of this island. She had taken two privateers, (one called the *Harlequin*, and the other the *Macaroni*) and every thing being saved out of the *Wolfe*, sailed for Quebec again the day before. The troops were all arrived safe, when the letter that place.

On the 23d the *Surprise* arrived from a cruise. In her way to Halifax she retaken the *Margaret Christiansa*, who had been taken on her passage to Quebec by the *Essex* American privateer.

On the 28th the *Mercury* returned from the Banks. She retaken the ship *Elizabeth* of Renew on the 19th, who had been taken by the *Dean*, an American privateer of 31 guns, a few days before.

On the 30th the *Placencia* brig arrived, having on the 28th retaken a sloop, loaded with fish, that had been taken by the *Phoenix*, an American privateer brig of 16 guns and 60 men.

The 11th instant the ship *Fanny* of Baltimore, loaded with tobacco and slaves, arrived here, having been taken by the *Portland* on the 23d of last month.

On the 10th the *Vestal* sent in the brig *Relief* from Maryland for Amsterdam, with ninety-nine hogheads of tobacco, taken the 24th of August.

On the 12th, Captain Keppel in the *Vestal*, and Captain Berkeley in the *Fairy* arrived with the *Phoenix* privateer, of 16 guns and 60 men, taken by them the 10th, and the *Mercury* Packet from Philadelphia on board of which was the Hon. Henry Laurens, Esq; late President of the Congress in America, bound on an embassy to Holland.

Inclosed I have sent a list of prizes taken; and am, &c.

R. EDWARDS.

Names, &c. of Ships and Vessels taken by his Majesty's Squadron under the command of Rear-Admiral Edwards, at Newfoundland.

1780, May 5. By the *CYGNAT* Sloop. Brig *Spitfire* (privateer), belonging to Marblehead, 80 tons, 12 guns, 53 men.

June 8. By Ditto. Brig *Tyger* (privateer), belonging to Salem, 80 tons, 12 guns, 36 men.

June 11. By the *FAIRY* Sloop. Brig *Wilkes* (privateer), belonging to Gloucester, 140 tons, 14 guns, 65 men.

June 20. By Ditto. Brig *Griffin* (privateer), belonging to Salem, 100 tons, 14 guns, 49 men.

June 23. By the *MAIDSTONE* and *CYGNAT*. Brig *Saratoga* (privateer), belonging to Salem, 120 tons, 12 guns, 41 men.

July 3. By the *PORTLAND*. Brig *Pallas*, belonging to Newberry, laden with indigo, furs, bark, and dye-wood, for Holland, 140 tons, 14 guns, 43 men.

July 14. By the *CYGNAT*. Brig *Thetis* (recapture), belonging to Stockton in England, laden with rum, wine, and flour, for Quebec, 140 tons, 6 men.

July 6. By the *MAIDSTONE*. Schooner *Independence*, belonging to Virginia, laden with tobacco, for Holland, 50 tons, 12 men.

Aug. 19. By the *MERCURY*. Ship *Elizabeth* (recapture) 240 tons, 14 guns, 20 men, from London to Newfoundland, laden with salt.

Aug. 23. By the *PORTLAND*. Ship *Fanny*, 140 tons, 12 guns, 35 men, from Baltimore to Holland, laden with tobacco.

July 15. By the *SURPRISE*. *Margaret Christiansa* (recapture), from London to Quebec, laden with sundry goods, and carried into Halifax.

Aug. 24. By the *VESTAL*. Brig *Relief*, 120 tons, 12 men, from Baltimore to Holland, laden with tobacco.

Sept. 3. By the *VESTAL* and *FAIRY*. Brig *Mercury* (Congress packet), 60 tons, 4 guns, 14 men, from Philadelphia to Holland.

Sept. 10. By the *VESTAL* and *FAIRY*. Brig *Phoenix* (privateer), belonging to Newbury, 140 tons, 16 guns, 60 men.

R. EDWARDS.

St John's, Sept. 16, 1780.

St James's, Oct. 3. The King has been pleased to appoint Alexander Gibson, Esq; to be his Majesty's Commissary at Dantzic, in the room of Sir Trevor Corry, Knight, deceased.

ADMIRALTY-OFFICE, Sept. 26, 1780.

THIS day, in pursuance of the King's pleasure, the following Flag-Officers of his Majesty's Fleet were promoted:

Matthew Buckle, Esq; Vice-Admirals of the Red—To be Admirals of the Blue.

Robert Man, Esq; Vice-Admirals of the White.

Hugh Pigot, Esq; Vice-Ad. of the Blue.

Right Hon. Molyneux Lord Shildham, Esq; Vice-Ad. of the Blue.

John Vaughan, Esq; Vice-Ad. of the Blue.

Robert Duff, Esq; Vice-Ad. of the Blue.

John Reynolds, Esq; Vice-Ad. of the Blue.

Sir Hugh Palliser, Bart. Vice-Ad. of the Blue.

Hon. John Byron, Vice-Ad. of the Blue.

Matthew Barton, Esq; Vice-Ad. of the Blue.

Sir Peter Parker, Knt. Vice-Ad. of the Blue.

Hon. Samuel Barrington, Vice-Ad. of the Blue.

Robert Roddam, Esq; Vice-Ad. of the Blue.

George Dabry, Esq; Vice-Ad. of the Blue.

John Campbell, Esq; Vice-Ad. of the Blue.

James Gambier, Esq; Rear-Admirals of the Red.

William Lloyd, Esq; Rear-Admirals of the White.

Francis Will, Drake, Esq; Rear-Admirals of the White.

Sir Edward Hughes, Knt. of the Bath, Rear-Admirals of the White.

Hyde Parker, Esq; Rear-Admirals of the White.

John Evans, Esq; Rear-Admirals of the White.

Mark Milbanke, Esq; Rear-Admirals of the White.

Nicholas Vincent, Esq; Rear-Admirals of the White.

John Storr, Esq; Rear-Admirals of the White.

Sir Edward Vernon, Knt. Rear-Admirals of the White.

Johua Rowley, Esq; Rear-Admirals of the White.

Richard Edwards, Esq; Rear-Admirals of the White.

Thomas Graves, Esq; Rear-Admirals of the White.

Robert Digby, Esq; Rear-Admirals of the White.

Sir J. Lockhart Knt. Bart. Rear-Admirals of the White.

And the following Captains were also appointed Flag-Officers of his Majesty's fleet, viz.

Charles Webber, Esq; To be Rear-Admirals of the White.

William Langdon, Esq; To be Rear-Admirals of the White.

Benjamin Marlow, Esq; To be Rear-Admirals of the White.

Alexander Hood, Esq; To be Rear-Admirals of the White.

Alexander Innes, Esq; To be Rear-Admirals of the White.

Sir Chaloner Ogle, Knt. To be Rear-Admirals of the White.

Sir Samuel Hood, Bart. To be Rear-Admirals of the White.

Matthew Moore, Esq; To be Rear-Admirals of the White.

Sir Francis Hughes, Bart. To be Rear-Admirals of the White.

Richard Sam. Drake, Esq; To be Rear-Admirals of the White.

Richard Kempenselt, Esq; To be Rear-Admirals of the White.

War Office, Sept. 30.

39th Regiment of foot, William Kellert, Gent. to be Ensign, vice D. Dulany Addition.

40th Regiment of foot, Thomas Scotland, Gent. to be Ensign in one of the additional companies, vice John Cater.

45th Regiment of foot, Ensign Charles Innes to be Lieutenant, vice James Gage. Ensign George Hadings, of the North Lincoln militia, to be Ensign, vice Charles Innes.

47th Regiment of foot, John Wemyss, Gent. to be Ensign in one of the additional companies, vice Thomas Squire.

48th Regiment of foot, Captain-Lieutenant Thomas Temple Fenton to be Captain of a company, vice Robert Montefor. Lieutenant John Brown to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice Thomas Temple Fenton.

Ensign John Gordon to be Lieutenant, vice John Brown. John Murray, Gent. to be Ensign, vice John Gordon. Ensign Francis Stuart, of the North Fencible regiment, to be Ensign, vice William Thompson.

49th Regiment of foot, Ensign William Goldworthy, of 27th foot, to be Lieutenant, vice William Bunbury.

50th Regiment of foot, Ensign Charles Hill to be Lieutenant, vice George Hamilton. Arthur Nevin, Gent. to be Ensign, vice Charles Hill.

51st Regiment of foot, John Kelfor, Gent. to be Ensign, vice William Ralston.

6th Regiment of foot, Ensign George Denhire to be Lieutenant, vice Godfrey Webster. John Golling, Gent. to be Ensign, vice George Denhire.

60th Regiment of foot, Ensign Robert Amory to be Lieutenant, vice David Lindsay.

70th Regiment of foot, Lieutenant James Rayner, of the North Lincolnshire militia, to be Ensign in one of the additional companies, vice Thomas Lucas Wheeler.

72d Regiment of foot, John Barnes, Gent. to be Ensign, vice Edward Ridgway.

73d Regiment of foot, 2d battalion, Captain Honourable Colin Lindsay to be Major, vice Norman Macleod. Lieutenant John Irving to be Captain, vice Honourable Colin Lindsay. Ensign John Macdonald to be Lieutenant, vice John Irving.

75th Regiment of foot, Ensign Henrice Twyden to be Lieutenant, vice John Davies.

78th Regiment of foot, Captain George Mackenzie to be Major, vice Thomas Frederick Mackenzie Humberston. Captain-Lieutenant Thomas Frazer to be Captain of a company, vice George Mackenzie.

Lieutenant Donald Moodie to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice Thomas Frazer. Ensign Ewan M'Lellan to be Lieutenant, vice Donald Moodie.

Volunteer Patrick Grant to be Ensign, vice Ewan M'Lellan. Ensign Malcolm M'Pherson to be Lieutenant, vice Colin Mackenzie.

Kenneth Beaurais, Gent. to be Ensign, vice Malcolm M'Pherson. Ensign George Gordon to be Lieutenant, vice Charles Mackenzie.

George Seton, Gent. to be Ensign, vice George Gordon. Ensign James Williamson to be Lieutenant, vice Patrick Haggard.

83d Regiment of foot, Ensign James Campbell to be Lieutenant, vice Thomas B. Dougall.

89th Regiment of foot, Ensign Charles Cook to be Lieutenant. Adjutant Andrew Wamby to be Ensign, vice Charles Cook. Ensign George Becher to be Lieutenant. Charles Cary, Gent. to be Ensign, vice George Becher. Ensign Samuel Evans to be Lieutenant. Alexander Leith, Gent. to be Ensign, vice Samuel Evans. Ensign James Higginson, of 90th foot, to be Lieutenant.

90th Regiment of foot, William Weddall, Gent. to be Ensign, vice Aeneas Shaw.

95th Regiment of foot, — Harpur, Gent. to be Ensign, vice Simon Drydale.

96th Regiment of foot, Lieutenant Stephen Blomfield, of 19th foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Lord Edward Fitzgerald.

97th Regiment of foot, Ensign John Mason to be Lieutenant, vice John Sutherland. Volunteer John Williams to be Ensign, vice John Mason.

Western Regiment of Fencible Men, Ensign Allan M'Quary to be Lieutenant, vice John Gilfillan. Dugald Campbell, Gent. to be Ensign, vice Allan M'Quary.

Northern Regiment of Fencible Men, Captain-Lieutenant Thomas Ruffel to be Captain of a company, vice Sir William Forbes. Lieutenant James Shaw to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice T. Ruffel. Ensign Colin Chisholme to be Lieutenant, vice James Shaw. William Knox, Gent. to be Ensign, vice Colin Chisholme.

Southern Regiment of Fencible Men, Walter Bryden, Gent. to be Ensign, vice Hugh Scott.

Earl Fauconberg's Regiment of foot, Quarter-Master Robert Macrery to be Ensign, vice Thomas Napper. Samuel Wilmont, Gent. to be Ensign, vice Robert Watson.

Cinque Ports Corps, Ensign John Frith, of 10th foot, to be Ensign, vice George Drummond Seton. Tickell, Gent. to be Ensign, vice — Denn.

To be Majors in the Army.

Major Patrick Graham, of 42d foot. October 17, 1779.

Major Robert Montefor, of 100th foot. November 28, 1779.

INTELLIGENCE FROM LLOYD'S, Oct. 3.

Portsmouth, Oct. 2. By the *Fairy*, which arrived here on Saturday, we learn, that as the *Vestal* were cruising on the Newfoundland station, they fell in with and took an American packet; on board of which was Mr Laurens, President of the Congress, going to France. The packet of letters was thrown overboard, but great part of them were recovered without any damage, and landed at Dartmouth with Captain Keppel, who proceeded immediately to London. Mr Laurens, it is said, was likewise landed at Dartmouth.

Extract of a letter from Cork, Sept. 22. The *Pilgrim* privateer of Salem, mounting 18 guns, nine and six-pounders, and 160 men, has taken, since the 3th inst. between Cape Clear and Scilly, the *Betty*, Lone, from Montserrat, and Mary and Elizabeth, Cammings, from St. Lucia for London; the *Nancy*, Jenkins, from Bristol for Barbadoes; and the *Duke* of Gloucester, Williamson, from Galway to Bristol. The crew were put on shore at Crookhaven the 19th inst. one of which said, they were chasing two other vessels, which they supposed would be taken.

The *Jupiter*, Shannon, prize to the *Emperor*, of Liverpool, is arrived at Belfast.

The *Walp*, Langdon, of Bristol, has taken and carried into Lisbon the *Sea Crab*, from Marseilles to St. Vallery, laden with castile soap, &c.

The *Budget*, Waterford, from Liverpool to Dantzick, is put into Belfast leaky, and with the loss of one of her masts.

Portsmouth, Oct. 1. Sir Samuel Hood, it is said, is appointed to the command of the squadron now victualling here for foreign service, and will hoist his flag on board the *Barfleur* man of war; the *Prince* of

Wales, *Nymph*, and *Belle Poule* are taken into dock to be repaired.

Captain Reynolds is appointed to the command of the *Monarch* of guns, and Captain H. Duncan to the *Medea* of 28.

The *Eweretta*, taken the 18th of July, and carried into New England, parted company with the *General Haldimand* in a thick fog the 19th, in lat. 46. 57. long. 48. 44.

The *Surannah*, Parker, received some damage in her passage to deira, which was repaired there.

The *Maria*, Mills, that was on shore at Shadwell Dock, is got without damage.

The *Virginia* frigate, on the 14th ult. spoke the *Heart of Oak* from St. Augustine, in lat. 42. 5. long. 47. 12. and on the 15th inst. of six sail lying to, it blowing very fresh from about N. by with their heads to the west, from which concluded they were bound to Canada, being then in lat. 43. 49. long. 30. 20.

Captain Keppel, of the *Vestal* frigate, conveyed eight of the *Quebec* fleet into the river St. Lawrence; and Captain Groves another of the fleet, but the number is not mentioned.

The *Providence*, Buckpit, from Falmouth to Quebec, is taken by the *America* and *Brutus* American privateers, and carried into St. John's.

The *St. Spiridon*, Gurazovick, from London to Smyrna, was off Zant the 2d of August last.

The *Race Horse*, Ramley, from Portsmouth to Gibraltar, was taken the 10th of August, off Cape Spartel, by a Spanish frigate of guns, and carried into Cadix.

From the London Papers, Oct. 3.

L O N D O N.

The new Parliament will meet the 31st inst. when Majesty will, by a message, recommend it to them to proceed to a choice of a Speaker. The next day his Majesty will go to the House, and open the sessions with a most gracious speech.

A letter from Versailles says, "Though the Court lent powerful naval and military assistance to Congress, neither Dr Franklin, or any agent from America, has been able to get a single louis d'or in hard cash. Depend upon it, that every conquest made by the arms of France in British America must be ceded to our Monarch."

Letters received yesterday from Portugal bring advice that on the 8th of last month was published at Lisbon, Proclamation, forbidding in future all privateers, of what nation soever, from entering their ports, or carrying in any their prizes, and allowing twenty days to all ships of the description, then in the Portuguese ports, to depart.

Letters by the last mail, mention a revolt at Barcelona the latter end of August, on account of the scarcity of provisions, and impressing men to go on board the fleet.

The plan, as now proposed by the Minister to the East India Company, is said to be a renewal of their Charter for 14 years, to be reckoned from the first day of the meeting of Parliament, on condition of the Company agreeing to advance one million sterling, in three stipulated payments. This proposal, with some other matters, will be brought before the General Court the 8th of next month.

The Carolina merchants have come to a resolution not to suffer their ships to sail for Charlestown, till further advice are received from that place.

This morning some dispatches were received from Gibraltar, by which we are informed, that every thing remains quite there, and that the garrison are well supplied with provisions.

It is reported with much confidence, that the mail longed to the packet, in which Mr Henry Laurens was taken, was saved by Capt Keppel discovering it floating on the water, which being a leather pitched bag, did not sink on account of the neglect of the American Captain not perforating it with holes.

The Island of St Helena is not likely to be reduced to that extremity which it has been pretended by the captain of the East-India ships, it being usual for the Company to lay up at that place in time of war, eighteen months stock in hand of every sort; in respect of provision, they make more than sufficient for their support.

Advice is received that the combined fleets of France and Spain, and a number of transports with troops on board were seen steering towards Jamaica.

Extract of a letter from Portsmouth, Oct. 2.

"By the *Fairy* sloop of war, which arrived here, we learn, that as the *Vestal* frigate were cruising on the Newfoundland station, they fell in with, and took an American packet, on board of which was Mr Laurens, President of the Congress, going to France. The packet letters was thrown overboard; but great part of them were fortunately recovered, without their having received any damage, and landed at Dartmouth, with Capt Keppel, who proceeded immediately to London. Mr Laurens, it is said, was likewise landed at Dartmouth."

EDINBURGH.

This day came on here the election of a member of Parliament for this city. The Candidates were, the Right Hon. Sir Laurence Dundas, Bart. the late member, and William Miller, Esq; Advocate, when the former was chosen by a majority of seventeen against fifteen. Immediately after the election, Old Dean of Guild Grieve moved, That the thanks of the Council should be given to Sir Laurens for his long and faithful services, which was ordered accordingly.

Sir Laurens, not being able to attend personally, immediately sent the following Address of thanks:

"My Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Gentlemen of the Council:

"IT gives me infinite pleasure to embrace this public opportunity of making my warmest acknowledgments to you.

"By a most respectable majority of the legal electors, and by a Council acting under the sanction of legal forms, I find myself elected a third time to represent in Parliament the principal city in Scotland. The honour is very conspicuous, and my gratitude is in proportion.

"The peculiarities of this election, while they reflect lustre upon your integrity and fortitude, enhance your kindness to me in a most distinguished manner.

"Your independent and vigorous behaviour is well suited to your station and trusts: And, when I reflect on the favour which this spirited conduct has conferred on me, I can say, with truth and confidence, that my sentiments become the greatness of the occasion, and the importance of the obligation which binds me to you.

"I abstain from any enumeration of the arts which have been employed to overthrow me; they are to be disregarded.

"With respect to my conduct in Parliament, I shall observe the line which I have maintained nearly twenty years; I shall support, to the best of my abilities and power, the principles of our excellent constitution, and the rights and privileges of this city."



Independent of any Minister, and unconnected with any factious Opposition, it shall be my constant pride and ambition to advance those measures which shall appear to me the most conducive to the general welfare of the British empire; to uphold the dignity of the Crown, and to ensure the national liberties and honour.

(Signed) LAUR. DUNDAS.

Edinburgh, October 7. 1780.

Extract of a letter from London, Oct. 3.

A gentleman who was a passenger on board the Bell, Captain Oldrieve, writes from Halifax, under date of the 10th of August, that, after parting from the Quebec fleet, six days after leaving England, they met with a Spanish ship of the line, which captured, in view of him, four of his fleet. The Bell, he says, had a good passage after that, till she came to the entrance of the Gulf, when six of the fleet were captured by two Congress frigates of 35 guns each. The Bell remained in the hands of the enemy twenty-two days. They left the captain four passengers, who, with the gentlemen above mentioned, and his two boys, were the only persons that remained on board. To guard them, thirteen of the Americans were left. Matters, however, were so well planned by the captives, that, on the deck, at nine o'clock in the morning, they suddenly rose, agreeable to a preconcerted plan, and, in about fifteen minutes, made themselves masters of the ship, and the same day brought her into the port of Halifax. The Bell was to sail from that place the 25th instant, with 120 troops, and mounted 24 guns.

Notwithstanding the reports to the contrary, a great part of the Quebec fleet escaped. The Vestal frigate, Captain Keppel, brings advice that not above fourteen of them at the most were captured. Mr. Laurens is not yet come to town, though the dispatches found on board the ship he was taken in were this day read in the efficient Cabinet. They are said to consist of Mr. Laurens's commission and instructions, a treaty of commerce with Holland, and a proposal to the States General for a very considerable loan. It is whispered in the circles at the well-end of the town, that, from his private papers, the affairs of America seemed to be in a very promising way; and that by a general and united exertion of the French and Americans, it was thought the British army would shortly be wholly extirpated from the continent.

There is certainly a coolness between the first Lord of the Admiralty and the King, which the enemies of the former hope will lead to his removal from the first seat at the naval board.

Last night, the south Carolina fleet was infused at 40 guineas per cent.

The London privateer, belonging to Liverpool, is taken by the French, and carried into Bilbao.

The underwriters who underwrote the Quebec fleet, which are captured, will lose at least upwards of 100,000 l.

The Jane, Captain Weston, from London, to Halifax, is lost on the island of Sable, but the crew are saved.

The Elizabeth letter of marque, from New York to the West Indies, is taken by the Pilgrim American privateer, and carried into Boston.

The first Lieutenants of the ship lately returned from making a voyage round the world were this day made captains.

On Tuesday the 3d of October instant, died at Banff, John Innes, Esq; of Muirfold.

General Morris was, on Monday the 2d current, duly elected; at Kintore, Member of Parliament for that district of burghs.

On Wednesday the 4th of October instant, the Right Honourable James Earl of Fife, was unanimously re-elected Member of Parliament for the county of Banff.

A correspondent observes, that a publisher of a certain paper was misinformed as to the *bifing* on Tuesday last, as if it had been expressive of the sentiments of the *citizens*; it being no more than a similar noise made by some geese which had just escaped from confinement, and which are always known to *bif* when they are afraid of danger.

A correspondent observes, that he went to dine on Tuesday, by appointment, with some friends, in a tavern: That, the company being late of coming, he got a volume of pamphlets from the waiter, when that from which the following extracts are taken accidentally turned up to him.

Seasonable Directions to the Electors of Great Britain.

London, printed for T. Millan 1741. P. 14. "You

have formerly had the reputation of a grave, ancient, and

wife people; but if you elect raw saplings, green heads,

unexperienced children, the world will judge of you as

they once did of the Grecians, that you were either al-

ways children, or are grown twice so." P. 16. "Avoid

all such as hold any considerable office during pleasure."

P. 18. "Suspect all those who, in their profession or near

relations, have any dependency upon the Court." P. 19.

"Meddle not with such as have been, or are like to prove

penfioners." P. 26. "Have a care of ambitious men."

P. 34. "Make it your business to chuse such as are re-

ferred to stand by, and maintain the privileges of Parlia-

ment; they are the very heart-strings of the Common-

wealth."

A correspondent, highly pleased with the sensible remark

of the publisher of a certain paper, on the election of the

Magistrates on Tuesday last, that, "After hearing an ex-

cellent sermon, which, it might have been imagined,

"would have calmed their minds, and, in some measure,

"softened the rancour, and allayed the spirit of party," &c.

begs leave to observe, that the publisher, though, he will

readily allow, not intentionally, has egregiously hurt the

party he meant to serve. He certainly could not be igno-

rant, that the only members of Council who attended the

Church on that occasion, were those in the interest of Sir

Laurens Dundas. The friends of Mr. Miller, during the

time of the divine service, were regaling themselves in For-

tan's tavern. It may therefore, without a breach of cha-

rity, be naturally concluded, that the former party would

come to the election of Magistrates fully as *calm* as the lat-

ter. Indeed, the conduct of Sir Laurence's friends shewed

they were much more so, and consequently that a Church is

superior to a Tavern, when people mean to proceed to bu-

siness which requires thought and preparation.

Last Thursday evening, a little before eight at night, a

fire broke out in a hay-loft a little to the eastward of the

Gallowgate-bridge; happily, by the activity of the inhabi-

new representative, it is said, unhappily stands in this pre-

dicament, that he himself is not so much as a Freeholder, and consequently cannot either elect or be elected.

On Tuesday, the following Gentlemen were chosen Ma-

gistrates of the city of Glasgow for the ensuing year:

JOHN CAMPBELL, Esq; of Clathick, Lord Provost.

Messrs. Patrick Colquhoun, Merchant Bailies.

Walter Stirling, Alexander Buchanan, Trades Bailies.

On Monday last, the 2d day of October current, came

on here the election of Magistrates of this burgh, for the

ensuing year, when the following Gentlemen were unani-

mously re-elected, viz.

JOHN NIMRO, Esq; Provost.

Messrs. David McClure, James Neill, William Allison, Dean of Guild, James Johnstone, Treasurer, David Fergusson, Esq; Old Provost.

Extract of a letter from Kirkcaldie, October 2. 1780.

This day, came on the election of a member of Parlia-

ment for this district. Kirkcaldie, the presiding burgh, and

Burntisland, voted for Mr. Henderson. Kinghorn and Dy-

fart, for the Right Hon. the Lord Advocate for Scotland.

Extract of a letter from York, Oct. 6.

"It is sincerely to be lamented, that the populace of this

city had not on Wednesday last the same public spirited

sentiments as the Freeholders of the county, who, greatly to

their honour, have endeavoured to restore election to its o-

riginal purity. The indignation of the populace at seeing

the pernicious custom of opening public houses rescinded

was productive of as violent tumult as might have been ex-

pected from its continuance. Between seven and eight

o'clock in the evening a great multitude appeared before

the York Tavern, and demolished the windows, window

frames, shutters, &c. and from whose rage and fury the most

dangerous consequences were to be apprehended. Several

attempts were made to break into the house; the cellars were

also attempted to be forced open; but being repulsed by

the gentlemen within, and those respectable citizens who

have associated for the purpose of qualifying themselves to

assist the civil power in maintaining and defending the pub-

lic peace, they were by degrees reduced to order, but not

till many who had exerted themselves to restore tranquillity

were much bruised by cobbles, bricks, &c. which the

brutality of the mob had discharged upon them. — For-

tunately no other mischief was done. — A young man, who

had distinguished himself in the riot, received a shot in the

thigh; he was next morning received at the County Hospi-

tal, and is in a fair way of recovery."

Extract of a letter from Dublin, Sept. 30.

In consequence of the pleasing intelligence of her Ma-

jest's safe delivery, the guns at the salute battery in the

Park were yesterday fired, and answered by volleys of small

arms from the regiments in garrison, and the night conclud-

ed with ringing of bells, &c.

Notwithstanding any thing that has been said to the

contrary, the departure of his Excellency the Lord Lieuten-

ant from this kingdom is not determined, nor any nobleman

yet fixed upon as his successor."

Extract of a letter from Stirling, Oct. 4.

This day, the Presbytery of Stirling met here to moder-

ate a call for Mr. Walter Buchanan, preacher of the gos-

pel in Glasgow, to be one of the ministers of this place,

when there appeared a most unanimous concurrence of the

whole inhabitants in his favour."

Extract of a letter from the Mayor of Newcastle to the Lord

Provost of Edinburgh, dated Oct. 3.

"Yesterday, a large privateer, frigate built, a long ves-

sel, mounting 28 guns, was upon this coast yesterday, off

Tynemouth, and took off with her two prizes. Our armed

ships are gone in quest of her."

To the Printer of the Caledonian Mercury.

S I R,

I OBSERVED a Letter, in your Paper a few Days since,

on the Subject of some alarming Intelligence received

from France respecting female Dresse, in which Miss Eliz.

Sprightly communicates her Determination against a high

Head and a Hoop. That Lady may perhaps have very sub-

stantial Reasons for the Steps she has taken, but I cannot

help thinking her Conduct (especially with regard to the

latter Article) looks as if she was in League with the En-

emy; for I find, upon Enquiry, that the French Ladies have

not only (as Captain Boreas says) lowered their Top-Sails,

to be repaired, the Monarch of the North Sea, and they were bound to the Court of Congress, America, and the Court of France, and the Court of Spain, and the Court of Portugal, and the Court of the Netherlands, and the Court of the Kingdom of Prussia, and the Court of the Kingdom of Saxony, and the Court of the Kingdom of Denmark, and the Court of the Kingdom of Sweden, and the Court of the Kingdom of Norway, and the Court of the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies, and the Court of the Kingdom of Naples, and the Court of the Kingdom of Sicily, and the Court of the Kingdom of Sardinia, and the Court of the Kingdom of Corsica, and the Court of the Kingdom of Malta, and the Court of the Kingdom of the Ionian Islands, and the Court of the Kingdom of the Aegean Islands, and the Court of the Kingdom of the Archipelago, and the Court of the Kingdom of the Levant, and the Court of the Kingdom of the East Indies, and the Court of the Kingdom of the West Indies, and the Court of the Kingdom of the 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## JUDICIAL SALE.

BY ADJOURNMENT.

THERE is to be SOLD, by authority of the Court of Session, upon Thursday the 16th day of November next, betwixt the hours of four and eight o'clock afternoon, in the Parliament or New Session-House of Edinburgh, before the Lord Ordinary on the bills.

THE REMAINING SUBJECTS, belonging to GEORGE CHALMERS of Pittencrieff, as more fully described in former advertisements, in the Lots following:

### LOT I.

The Lands and Barony of PITTENCRIEFF, in the county of Fife, situated about twelve miles from Edinburgh, with the adjoining lands of Mounthooly, Lufcar, Drumtullish, Clune, and Goukhall: Also, the mills and mill-lands of Dunfermline, with sundry feu-duties, acres, and tenements in and about that town and abbey, with the growing timber and plantations on the foregoing lands, exclusive of the coal and ironstone excepting as in the next lot.

The yearly free rental of the estates is 1574 l. 18 s. 2 d. and the proven value and upset-price, including that of grown wood, and above 60 acres of plantations, with building ground in and around the town of Dunfermline, and some old buildings and areas is L. 35269 14 6

### LOT II.

The whole of the Coals and Ironstone under the said lands, and the Coals under the lands of Weller Balbridge (excepting those under and 30 fathoms round the mansion-house thereof, and excepting about 230 Scots acres round the house of Pittencrieff, and 10 acres round that of Clune, and also excepting the coals under the lands of Mounthooly, which belong to Robert Wellwood of Garvock, Esq; and also excepting the coals under the mansion-house, offices, and garden of Lufcar, and under the grounds within 400 yards of said mansion); with all usual privileges for working and transporting the coals and ironstone, on payment of surface damages, and particularly with power of making a main wagon-road through the lands, but restricted to a track, as marked upon the plan of the estates, and with a power to communicate the use of the said road to the coaleries of Urquhart, Balbridge, and Balmule, in terms of an anterior contract made by Mr Chalmers and the respective proprietors, with an assignment also to the said contract respecting wagon-ways, and to all other contracts and agreements he or those from whom he derives right have made for coal-roads, the delivery of coals, or the communications of levels with the harbour of Brucehaven, coal-folds, ware-houses, and other buildings: Also, the adjoining farm of Wester Rosyth, containing 64 Scots acres or thereabouts, the proven rental of which farm, free of all deductions and land-tax, is 64 l. 13 s. 7 d.; together with the benefit of the tack of Windylaw, of which there are 28 years to run, and of the minister of Inverkeithing's glebe during his incumbency, both adjoining to Wester Rosyth.

The proven value of this lot, and at which it is to be set up, is as follows, viz.

The collieries, - - - - -	L. 5000 0 0
Farm of Wester Rosyth, - - -	1422 18 10
Windylaw and glebe-lands, - -	100 0 0

Proven value of Lot II. L. 6522 18 10

### LOT III.

The following Parcels of the Lands of HERMITAGE, in the parish of South Leith, viz.

I. The large elegant and commodious Mansion-house and offices, with the gardens, barren timber, and two small grass-enclosures, as possessed by the Countess of Pitt, and containing about 8½ Scots acres, with some servitude on the adjoining lots. Gross rent 120 l. Proportion of the feu-duty payable to the Trinity Hospital for the whole lands, 113 l. 2 s. 3 d. barley, and 3 l. 5 s. in money, valued at 11 s. 6 d. a-boll, 25 l. 12 s. 3 d. 9-12ths free rent 94 l. 7 s. 8 d. 3-12ths, which is to be set up at 18 years purchase, being the proven value, and is L. 1698 18 4

The house may be viewed on Wednesdays and Fridays, from 12 to 1 o'clock.

N. B. The houses, fruit, and other walls on this possession, have cost above 2500 l.

II. Robert Watt's Feu, consisting of about 3 acres, 26 falls; and on which there are several new houses. Gross rent 23 l. 14 s. 9 d. feu-duty victual, converted at above, 3 l. 11 s. 3 d. 10-12ths. Free rent 12 l. 13 s. 5 d. 2-12ths, to be set up at 15 years purchase, and is 280 1 5

III. James Allison's late feu, a Garden, with a large new house thereon, containing about 4 acres 1 rood 6½ falls. Gross rent 34 l. 10 s. 2 d. feu-duty 7 l. 7 s. 3 d. 4-12ths, free rent 27 l. 2 s. 10 d. 8-12ths, to be set up at 15½ years purchase, is 420 14 9

IV. West Low Park, in the proprietor's possession, containing 4½ acres. Gross rent 34 l. feu-duty 7 l. 5 s. 1 d. 9-12ths; to be set up at 18 years purchase, is 481 7 4

N. B. There is a good deal of barren timber, from 25 to 40 years old, on this parcel, with a very copious spring of water in the centre of the field, thought sufficient to serve an ordinary town; and there is a fruit-wall round the north and east sides of it, which, with the west wall and gate, have cost above 250 l.

V. William Glover's Feu, on which houses are built, containing 6 falls. Gross rent 31 l. feu-duty 12 s. 9 d. 9-12ths; free rent 11 l. 7 s. 2 d. 3-12ths; to be set up at 20 years purchase, is 47 3 9

VI. William Wright's Feu, a Nursery containing 3 acres. Gross rent 26 l. 5 s. feu-duty 5 l. 12 s. 1 d. free rent 20 l. 12 s. 11 d.; to be set up at 17 years purchase, is 350 19 7

N. B. There is a very copious spring in the centre of this lot.

VII. Robert Wilson's Feu, with houses thereon, containing 4 acres. Gross rent 22 l. feu-duty 4 l. 13 s. 11 d. 1-12th; free rent 17 l. 6 s. 0 d. 11-12ths; to be set up at 16 years purchase, is 276 17 2

VIII. Peter Stephen's late Feu, and a house thereon (which lets at 4 l.) containing 4 acres. Gross rent 22 l. Feu-duty for two of the acres, to the Earl of Moray, 6 d. Sterling, and to the Hospital 4 l. 13 s. 5 d. 1-12th; free rent 17 l. 6 s. 0 d. 11-12ths; to be set up at 16½ years purchase, is 285 10 3

A mutual high wall with Hawk Hill is the fourth march of the two last feus.

Proven value of Lot Third, L. 3841 12 7

### LOT IV.

FIVE LAIGH SHOPS, or Dwelling-houses, being the whole inner range of the East Wing of the New Exchange, entering a few steps down from the court, viz.

The shop possessed by James Clark, to be set up at	L. 35 0 0
Ditto, by William Murray, at	40 0 0
Ditto, by Peter Cuming, at	40 0 0
Ditto, by Mrs Campbell, at	60 0 0
Ditto, by Peter Mathieson, at	40 0 0

The above five shops will be exposed jointly or separately, as purchasers shall incline.

### LOT V.

A TACK of the farm of Hilton, in the barony of Rosyth, and county of Fife, for 28 years after Martinmas 1779, for which there is payable, over and above the rent to the Earl of Hopetoun the proprietor, 15 l. Sterling annually to George Chalmers, by the obligation of Messrs Abraham Newton of Currie hill and John Newton his eldest son, possessors of the farm.

The proven value and upset price of which is 230 l.

### LOT VI.

A TACK of the lands and estate of Bantaskine, lying in the parish of Falkirk, and shire of Stirling, of which there is 12 years to run after Martinmas 1779; and there is payable yearly to the said George Chalmers therefor, besides the proprietor's rent, 108 l. 17 s. 4 d. 4-12ths. The proprietor is also obliged to pay to the tenant, at the expiration of the lease, for the inclosing and subdividing the whole lands, which, except a few acres round the mansion-house, has been all done during the currency of the tack; and also for a new fencing of houses, and a pro-

portion of fore plantations, as all these may be valued at the expiration of the said lease. The proven value and upset price of this tack is 200 l. The title-deeds of the estates, the rentals, and plans of thofe in Fife, with the articles and conditions of sale, will be seen in the hands of Messrs John Callender deputy clerk of Session, and William Anderson clerk to the signet.

Adam Fateron, overseer upon the estates at Dunfermline, will show the premises in Fifeshire; and Alexander Maist gardener on the fourth side of Leith Links, thofe at Hermitage.

## KELSO RACES, 1780.

TO be RUN FOR, over Caverton-Edge, near Kelso, on Tuesday the 17th October 1780, FIFTY POUNDS, by actual hunters of last season; to carry 11 stone English, the best of three four-mile heats; to pay Two Guineas entrance, and the winner to pay One Guinea towards drums, colours, and other expenses; and such horses, &c. as shall start for the above purse, shall be certified at the time of entrance to have been real hunters the last season, under the hand or hands of the proprietors of such bounds as they have hunted with.

On Wednesday the 18th October, FIFTY POUNDS, by four-year olds, five-year olds, six-year olds, and aged horses.—Four-year olds to carry 7 stone 12 lib.; five-year olds, 8 stone 10 lib.; six-year olds, 9 stone 4 lib.; aged, 9 stone 8 lib. A winner of one 50 l. this year to carry 3 lib. extra, a winner of two 50 l. this year to 5 lib. extra, and a winner of a King's 100 l. this year 5 lib. extra; the best of three four-mile heats. Two Guineas entrance: the winner to pay One Guinea towards drums, colours, and other expenses.

On Thursday the 19th of October, A MAIDEN PLATE of FIFTY POUNDS, for all ages, the best of three four-mile heats; to carry the following weights:

Four-year olds, - - - - -	7 stone, 12 lib.
Five-year olds, - - - - -	8 - - - 10 -
Six-year olds, - - - - -	9 - - - 4 -
Aged, - - - - -	9 - - - 8 -
A winner of one 50 l. this year, - - -	3 lib. extra.
Ditto, two 50 l. - - - - -	5 do. do.
Ditto, of a King's 100 l. - - - - -	5 do. do.

Two Guineas entrance; the winner to pay One Guinea towards drums, colours, and other expenses.

The horses to be entered on the Friday before running, at the Crofs-Keys, betwixt the hours of ten and twelve in the forenoon.

No tent or hut to be erected on the ground by any person, unless he pay Half a Guinea towards the plates.

Three reputed running horses to enter for the Wednesday's and Thursday's plates, or no race without the consent of the Stewards. No winning horse can start for a second plate that week, without the consent of the Stewards. All the plates to be run for by the King's plate articles.

Ordinaries and Assemblies at the Crofs-Keys, as usual.

Disputes, if any arise, to be determined by  
DUKE of HAMILTON  
MARQUIS of GRAHAM,  
Sir JOHN SCOTT of ANCRAM. } Stewards.

By order of the Right Honourable  
The LORD PROVOST, MAGISTRATES, and COUNCIL of the  
CITY of EDINBURGH,

THERE is to be SET, on Wednesday the 11th of October next, at four o'clock afternoon, within the High Council-House, by public roup, for two years, commencing at the term of Martinmas 1780,

The following BRANCHES of the  
CITY of EDINBURGH'S COMMON GOOD,

### VIZ.

- I. Imposit on Wine, and Merk per Pack.
- II. Weigh-house of Edinburgh, and Leather Market, with the Customs of the Still-yard in the Grass-market, for weighing of hay.
- III. Weigh-house of Leith.
- IV. House of Muir, and Sheep-flakes.
- V. Lawn and Fleth Market and Tallow-trone.
- VI. Poultry and Bread Market, and Veal-boards.
- VII. Meal and Corn Markets.
- VIII. Fruit Market and Fruit Metts.
- IX. Shod Carts and Caulfway-mall.
- X. Fish Market.
- XI. New Fleth Market in Leith.

The conditions of roup to be seen in the City-clerks Chamber.

## FARMS in FIFESHIRE.

TO be LET, and entered upon at Martinmas next, TWO FARMS, one called BOWHOUSE, the other BRAES OF DALGINCH, pleasantly situated in the parish of Markinch, about four miles distant from Kirkcaldy and Dyfarth, both sea-ports, and good market-towns.—They may be had together or separate.

James Smellam, in Stair of Dalginch, will show the premises. For further particulars, apply to Mr Pym, Bridge-street, or Mr Hope writer in Falkland.

## JUDICIAL SALE.

TO be SOLD, by public roup, under the authority of the Court of Session, within the New Session-house of Edinburgh, upon Tuesday the 28th day of November next, between the hours of two and four afternoon, and to be exposed jointly or in parcels.

THE LANDS in the territory of Eyemouth and county of Berwick, and the HOUSES and YARDS in the town of Eyemouth, belonging to JAMES TURNBULL merchant in Eyemouth, with the portion of the community of Coldingham, adjudged to belong to him as part and pertinent of the said subjects.

The free rent of the Lands, after all deductions, is 30 l. 7 s. 1 d. 3-12ths, besides 1 l. 3 s. 10 d. 3-12ths Sterling of free teind, and the price for thereupon, being twenty-five years purchase of the land, is 728 l. 10 s. 6 d. Sterling, and 5 l. 19 s. 3 d. 3-12ths, being five years purchase of the free teind, extending together to 734 l. 9 s. 9 d. 3-12ths Sterling, the free rent of the tenement of houses and granaries in Eyemouth, purchased by the common debtor from Sir James Home of Manderston, is 24 l. 7 s. 2 d. 8-12ths Sterling, and the price for thereon being eleven years purchase, is 267 l. 19 s. 5 d. 4-12ths Sterling, and the free rent of the other tenements and cottages in the town of Eyemouth is 34 l. 16 s. 10 d. 2-12ths Sterling, and the upset-price thereof being thirteen years purchase, is 452 l. 19 s. 0 d. 2-12ths Sterling, amounting the total value of the subjects under sale, including the foregoing portion of the community of Coldingham, to 1455 l. 8 s. 2 d. 2-12ths Sterling money.

The progress of these subjects and the articles of sale may be seen in the hands of Alexander Ross deputy-clerk of Session, or Thomas Cockburn writer to the signet; and persons inclining to purchase may also apply to David Renton writer in Eyemouth.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the George tavern in Dumfries, upon Wednesday the 22d day of November 1780, between the hours of one and three afternoon.

FIRST. The Lands of HURKLEDALE, otherwise called Hurkledale, Branthat, Footman Bridge, Killwhart, Bramblethaw, Dunninghill and Skairs, lying in the parish of Commertrees, and county of Dumfries, containing about four hundred acres of arable land, and about one hundred acres of muir ground, all very improvable, and within a mile of inexhaustible lime quarries. The lands will be set up in one or two lots, as purchasers desire. Upset price 3500 l.

SECOND. The Lands of TODHOLES, in the parish of Dornock, and county forfick, containing about three hundred acres of land, mostly arable, and all of it very improvable, and within two miles of a very fine lime quarry, which can be got on very moderate terms. Upset price 2000 l.

The title-deeds, which are clear and unexceptionable, are to be seen in the hands of John Syme writer to the signet, to whom, or to John Buhby Sheriff-clerk of Dumfries, or to Lieutenant John Johnstone in Pennerfaugh, the factor, any person may apply for further particulars.

## A FARM in MID-LOTHIAN.

TO be LET, THE FARM of SUMMERSIDE, containing about 110 Scots acres, all inclosed, lying on the side of the turnpike-road, four miles south of Edinburgh, and within a mile of Dalkeith, on which there is an excellent new farm-house, offices, and all other conveniences.

The grounds will be shown by Alexander Stewart vintner at Danderhall, or Robert Seller gardener at Somerville House, and David Forbes writer in Edinburgh will commune for a lease of the same.

## SALE OF LANDS IN AYR-SHIRE.

THE Whole LANDS belonging to Capt. Glibert M'Adam of Merk land, to be SOLD by public roup, on Thursday the 19th day of October next 1780, within the house of John M'Kenzie vintner in Ayr, between the hours of four and six o'clock afternoon, consisting of the following lots, viz.

Lot I. The Farm of LEIGHTS, in parish of Camnock, comprehending the two-merk land of Carcow, the twenty-shilling land of Lagliff, the half-merk land of Dunhill, the one-merk land of Ailmarck, and twenty-shilling lands of Leights.

The valued rent thereof, - - - - - L. 140 0 0

Lot II. The Fourteen-shilling and Six-penny Land of Old Extent of BRUNTSFIELD, called MERKLAND; and the half-merk land of Auchinlongford, in Brunthield, of old extent, lying in parish of Sorn, or Dalgain.

The valued rent thereof, - - - - - 75 0 0

The lands of Merkland hold of the Crown, and entitle to a vote for a member to serve in Parliament.

Lot III. The Sixteen shilling land of MIDDLE HILLAR, lying in said parish of Sorn.

The valued rent thereof, - - - - - 35 0 0

The above lands are excellent sheep-pasture. There are both lime and coal in the farm of Merkland and Auchinlongford, and capable of great improvement, upon which there is a fine young natural wood, properly inclosed. There is also a considerable quantity of wood upon the farm of Leights, and a new-built convenient dwelling-house, consisting of eight fire-rooms, neatly finished, and a good set of Offices. The lower part of the last-mentioned lands are all finely inclosed, and sub-divided with substantial stone-dykes. The possessors of the several grounds will show the Premises; and the progress of writs, which are perfectly clear, with the articles and conditions of sale, may be seen in the hands of John Boswell, writer in Ayr, with whom, it is requested such of Mr M'Adam's creditors as have not lodged notes of their debts, specifying the amount and grounds thereof, will do the same betwixt and the day of sale.

## SALE OF LANDS.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the British Coffee-house in Edinburgh, on Monday the 20th of November next, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon,

The Lands, Barony, and Estate of TILLIECOUNTRY, with the Teinds thereof, all holding of the Crown, and lying in the parish of Tilliecountry and county of Clackmannan.—This estate is of great extent, and very low rented. A great deal of it is now inclosed, but no otherwise improved, and there are few tacks upon it of any standing. There are several thriving young plantations and hedge-rows, and the old timber fit for cutting is of very considerable value. There is a modern large and substantial mansion-house, a complete set of offices, and a fine garden well stocked with wall-fruit of all kinds. The house stands in the middle of the estate, and is beautifully situated at a proper distance from the river Devon, in a healthy sporting country, near the port-towns of Stirling and Alloa. The grounds abound with ironstone and other ore, and there are inexhaustible fields of coal in different parts of the estate level-free; the present working-teams are in good order, consisting of a 5 foot coal, level-free, most substantially fitted up, and the whole machinery in thorough repair. The kirk and manse were lately built. The patronage of the parish belongs to the estate; and the valued rent is 3389 l. 6 s. Scots, which gives great political weight in this small county.—Along with the estate of Tilliecountry will be sold the Lands of TARBATFURD, lying in the same county, and holding blench of a subject superior. The free rent of the whole, including the average produce of the coal for the last eighteen years, amounts to about 1064 l. Sterling, and the far greatest part of the cess is paid by the tenants and feuars.

The title-deeds are clear, and, with the rental of the estate and articles of roup, are to be seen in the hands of Andrew Stuart, jun. writer to the signet; with whom, or John Robertson writer in Edinburgh, persons inclining to purchase may commune betwixt and the day of sale; and the house may be seen by applying to John Jamieson writer in Alloa.

## JUDICIAL SALE of LANDS in Berwickshire.

TO be SOLD, by Authority of the Court of Session, within the Parliament-house, on Wednesday the 6th day of December 1780, between the hours of four and five afternoon,

The LANDS and ESTATE of LEETSIDE and HILTOWN MYRESIDE, which belonged to the deceased Robert Wood of Leetside, in the following Lots.

### LOT I.

The Lands and Estate of Whitfom, called LEETSIDE, lying in the united parishes of Whitfom and Hiltown, as presently possessed by Matthew Laidler and John Dickson, with the teinds, houses, yards, and pertinents.

The proven yearly rent is - - - - - L. 348 8 9 9-12ths

### DEDUCTIONS.

Minister's stipend, - - - - -	L. 8 13 10
Schoolmaster's salary, - - - - -	0 9 4 9-12ths
Feu-duties of part of the lands - - -	0 4 5 6-12ths
which hold of subject-superiors, - -	0 0 6 6-12ths
Blanch duties, - - - - -	10 7 8 9-12ths

Total free rent, - - - - - L. 338 1 0 3 12ths

Upset price, at 21 years purchase, is - - - - - L. 7099 1 5 3-12ths  
These lands, except a small part, hold of the Crown blench. They consist of 363 acres 3 roods 9 perches, English measure. The soil is remarkably fine. The whole estate is well inclosed with hedges and ditches, which are in the very best order and condition; the inclosures are large, well laid out, and amply supplied with water; the situation is good and convenient, being within six English miles of Dunfermline of Berwick, and eight of Eyemouth, all great market towns. The straw belongs to the ground, and goes along with the property.—The house and flables are good, and covered with Baldale slates; the barns, shades, and other out-houses, are large and convenient; and the tenants are bound to keep all the houses and fences on the estate in good and sufficient condition, during their tacks, upon their own expenses.

### LOT II.

The Lands of HILTOWN MYRESIDE, with the teinds and pertinents occupied by Thomas Richardson.

The yearly rent is - - - - - L. 36 0 0

### DEDUCTIONS.

Minister's stipend, - - - - -	L. 0 2 10
Schoolmaster's salary - - - - -	0 4 1
Blanch duties - - - - -	0 0 14

Total free rent - - - - - L. 35 12 11½

Upset-price, at 21 years purchase, is - - - - - L. 748 12 1½  
The lands hold blench of the Crown, and contain forty-one acres and two roods, English measure. They lie about a mile east from the lands in lot I. are divided into two inclosures, both well supplied with water, and every way fencible. The straw belongs to the ground; and the tenant is bound to uphold the houses and fences in good condition, upon his own expenses.

The articles and conditions of sale to be seen in the hands of George Kirkpatrick, deputy-clerk of Session; and copies thereof, with the progress of writs, and a plan of the estate, are lodged with Alexander Abercromby, clerk to the signet; and copies of the articles are also to be seen in the hands of James Lorain, sheriff-clerk of Berwickshire.